Comments and Responses Concerning the Draft Zoning Ordinance and Draft Subdivision Control Ordinance Received Through September 6, 2002. Responses to the comments are provided in *italicized* font.

Eric Lowry, Jr., Scott County Emergency Management provided the following comments on July 12, 2002.

St. Joseph County has the following in Title 20 of their County Code:

In those areas of the County not zoned "R" Residential at the time of passage of this ordinance and where the Commissioners and the St. Joseph County Emergency Management Agency determines that adequate coverage by the County's early warning siren system does not exist for a proposed major subdivision of ten (10) or more lots and where the Commissioners and the St. Joseph County Emergency Management Agency determines it necessary for public safety, developers of new major subdivisions with 10 or more lots shall be required to furnish and install an Early Warning System that meets the specifications of the St. Joseph County Emergency Management Agency or its successors. Following its acceptance by the St. Joseph County Emergency Management Agency, the Early Warning System will be maintained by the County.

I'd like us to consider including similar language in our subdivision ordinance. Question, would this wording include mobile home parks?

Response: We see no problem with including this provision in the Subdivision Control Ordinance it the Plan Commission would like to include the provision. We believe that if the provision is included in the ordinance that it would apply to all subdivisions including mobile home parks. We do not know the cost associated with installing an Early Warning System, but it must be recognized that the system would increase development costs.

I've been unable to find the exact reference but I also want to include something like the following:

In the proposed construction of a major subdivision of five (5) or more lots to be occupied by mobile homes and/or modular homes, developers shall be required to construct on site an underground or reinforced above ground storm shelter that meets the specifications of the Scott County Emergency Management Agency or its successors.

Response: This requirement could be included if the Plan Commission so desires. We do not know the cost associated with installing a shelter, but it should be recognized that the shelter would increase development costs.

 Dennis Nicholas, President of the Scottsburg City Council and Member of the Scottsburg Board of Public Works and Safety provided the following materials and comments.

Dennis provided a copy of zoning classifications used by Seymour and Columbus (please see the attached descriptions). Dennis expressed concern that a majority of the City Councilmen feels severely constrained by the lack of protections that the present system provides after a zoning change is allowed.

Response: We suggest that the zoning classification within the City of Scottsburg should be expanded. If agreeable to the Plan Commission, we will work with the City Council to develop zoning classification that would be applicable only inside the corporate limits of the City of Scottsburg.

Dennis also expressed concerned that there is little control over billboards along the highways (interstate included). Seymour's ordinance allows billboards only by special permit, in commercial or industrial districts, and only along state or federal highways. The billboards are restricted to being at least 1,500 feet apart.

Response: The Draft Zoning Ordinance, Section 5.5 Signs, states that billboards are permitted in the GB (General Business), and I (Industrial) Districts. The draft ordinance could be revised so that billboards would only be permitted in the I District by Special Exemption. The Zoning Ordinance could also restrict billboards to a minimum of 1,500 feet apart. We suggest that these revisions should be incorporated into the ordinance.

The following comments are contained in a letter dated August 28, 2002 from the Concerned Citizens of Scott County to Saegesser Engineering and the Area Plan Commission. The letter was delivered to us during the August 28th public hearing at the Vienna-Finley Elementary School.

1. Comment 3 of the "Comments and Response Section" discusses definitions for junkyard, dump, and landfill.

The definition for landfill seems to imply that its purpose is to "build up low-lying ground".

Response: We suggest that the reference to low-lying ground be deleted from the definition.

The definition for dump uses "accumulation of refuse and discarded material", and landfill uses "trash and garbage disposal". What is the difference?

Response: The Draft Zoning Ordinance defines "Junk Yard" as..." A place, usually outdoors, where waste or discarded used property, including but not limited to automobiles, farm implements and trucks, is accumulated and is or may

93 be salvaged for reuse or resale. The does not include industrial scrap metal or 94 accumulation of organic material." We suggest that the junkyard definition be 95 expanded to include..."An establishment or place of business that is maintained, 96 operated, or used for storing, keeping, buying, or selling junk, or for the 97 maintenance or operation of an automobile graveyard." 98 99 We suggested a definition of "Landfill" as ... A system of trash and garbage 100 disposal in which the waste is buried between layers of earth to build up low-lying 101 ground. 102 103 We suggested a definition of "Dump" as ... A place where an accumulation of 104 refuse and discarded materials are dumped or stored either above or below the 105 *surface of the ground.* 106 107 We suggest that the definitions for "Landfill" and "Dump" be combined to 108 read..."Landfill or Dump" A place or system of trash, garbage, refuse, or 109 discarded materials, either organic or non-organic, are dumped or stored either 110 above or below the surface of the ground 111 112 Should there be a definition for a "commercial landfill" versus the physical definition? For example, the definition for a commercial landfill could include a 113 114 reference to the fact that it must obtain Indiana Department of Environmental 115 Management (IDEM) permits and follow strict EPA guidelines. 116 117 Response: A definition for Commercial Landfill could be included and defined 118 as..."A landfill operation that must obtain a construction or operation permit 119 from the State of Indiana." 120 121 2. When reviewing the definition for junkyard, "waste" is used in the definition. 122 This can leave an area for broad interpretation. Is it clear in the junkyard 123 definition that this cannot be a landfill? 124 125 Can "waste" be removed from the junkyard definition? 126 127 Response: We believe that the word "waste" can be removed from the junkyard 128 definition. 129 130 3. When reviewing the definition for Scrap Metal Yard it says that the accumulation 131 of organic or non-metal such as wood, etc.... disqualify it as a scrap metal yard 132 and classify it as a junkyard. However, in the junkyard definition it disqualifies 133 organic material. 134 135 Response: We suggest that the reference to "junkyard" be changed to "landfill". 136 137 4. Question 14 of the Comments and Response section asks if it is possible to list

landfills under Special Exceptions in the Industrial District. The response states

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139 that if the "Plan Commission desires, landfills can be added to one of the Zoning 140 Districts as either a permitted use or a special exception". As drafted, a landfill 141 would be considered under the Unlisted or Questionable Land Uses. It also states 142 that the Plan Commission or Planning Director may make a determination into 143 which category a landfill would be placed. 144 145 Wouldn't leaving a landfill as "unlisted" or "questionable" put the County in the 146 same position it is in right now? 147 148 Response: By listing a landfill as a possible use, we believe that the Plan 149 Commission might have to approve the use if applicable requirements were met. 150 We request that the Plan Commission attorney address this item. 151 152 Since a commercial landfill requires IDEM permits and adherence to EPA 153 guidelines, will the Plan Commission list landfills under the Industrial District as 154 a Special Exception? 155 156 Response: See above response concerning whether or not to list "landfill" as a 157 Special Exception. 158 159 5. Does a landfill now fall under the Plan Approval Process -6.6? If so, the 160 transportation issue would be considered, correct? 161 162 Response: We believe that a landfill would fall under the Plan Approval Process 163 and that the Plan Commission would consider the transportation issue. 164 165 6. Can you give us an explanation of Special Use and Special Exception? 166 167 Response: A Special Exception is defined as... "The authorization of a use that is designated as such by this ordinance as being permitted in the district concerned 168 if it meets special conditions, is found to be appropriate and upon application, is 169 specifically authorized by BZA." "Special Use" is not defined in the ordinance. 170 171 172 7. Impact on "comfort" is mentioned in 1.7 Interpretation as part of the deciding 173 criteria for allowing a special use. However, it has been removed from Use Variance – 9.3B, Standards Variance – 9.3C, and Special Exception – 9.3E. What 174 is the reason for removing "comfort"? 175 176 Response: The word "comfort" can be added to the referenced sections. 177 178 179 8. In 9.3C, the BZA approval of Use Variance states that the board may grant a 180 variance for use if, after a public hearing, it makes findings of facts in writing 5 181 criteria. 182 183 Item 2 addresses only adjacent property owners, should consideration be given to "surrounding" or "nearby" property owners? 184

 Response: The suggested terms could be added to Item 2 but should be defined as being within a reasonable distance from the subject property, perhaps one-quarter mile.

9. In 9.3.C.a.5, it states that the "approval of the variance does not contradict the goals and objectives of the Comprehensive Plan". In 9.3.E.4 which addresses the BZA approval of Special Exceptions, it states that "the proposed use will be consistent with the character of the district therein, the spirit and intent of this

What is the reason for this discrepancy?

Ordinance, and the Scott County Comprehensive Plan.

Response: If the Plan Commission sees this wording as being a discrepancy, then the wording can be revised. If so, then we suggest that the wording in 9.3.C.a.5 be used in both referenced sections.

10. What format will the Area Plan Commission & Saegesser use to decide on the suggestions to the Zoning Ordinance, and what is the timeline?

Response: The Plan Commission, not Saegesser Engineering, Inc., will decide what revisions might be made to the draft ordinances. Once the Plan Commission is satisfied with the draft ordinances, the commission will certify the documents and forward them to the County Commissioners and Scottsburg City Council for their consideration and adoption. If either the County Commissioners or City Council request revisions to the draft ordinances, then the documents will be returned to the Plan Commission to address the revisions. The County Commissioners and City Council have been made aware of the progress of the new documents; therefore it is expected that their comments are being addressed at this time.

The following comments were received at the first public hearings held July 31, 2002, August 21, 2002 and August 28, 2002.

• Copies are not available to take home and the public cannot read the ordinances in one setting.

Response: This comment was noted and taken to the APC. It was decided that copies of the documents would be to given to the Township Trustees who would loan the copies to interested citizens. In addition it was agreed to place a copy of the documents at the public hearing venues prior to the scheduled meetings. Prior to the initial public meeting, copies of the documents were placed at the APC office, the County Auditor's office, the Scottsburg and Austin Public Library, and at City Hall.

231 232	•	Is the current official qualified to do building inspections?
233 234		Response: This comment is not related to the draft documents.
235 236	•	What zoning classifications can develop into a subdivision?
237 238 239		Response: Any zoning classification can develop into a subdivision per the draft ordinances.
240 241	•	What are the proposed road frontage requirements for a subdivision?
242 243 244 245 246		Response: A, R-1, R-2, and FP Districts: 50 feet on a public street with access from public street. LB and GB Districts: 70 feet on a public street with access from public street. I District: 100 feet on a public street with access from public street.
247 248	•	What is the definition of a wrecking yard and junkyard?
248 249 250 251 252		Response: See above discussion concerning the definition of "junkyard". We suggest that the reference to "wrecking yard" in the draft zoning ordinance section 3.6 (9) be changed to "junkyard".
252 253 254 255	•	What are the rules regarding automobiles that are licensed? Some people have car collections of ten or more cars.
256 257		Response: This comment is not related to the draft documents.
258 259 260	•	How do we find out if the County has abandoned a county road? Example was given of County Road 500 South.
261 262		Response: This comment was referred to the Scott County Cartographer's office.
263 264	•	Can the Zoning Ordinance regulate the possession or use of a firearm?
265 266		Response: No.
267 268	•	Wouldn't the "Grandfather Clause" include junk cars?
269 270 271 272		Response: Article Seven of the Draft Zoning Ordinance addresses non-conforming structures, lots and uses. We believe that this section includes all land uses.
272 273 274 275 276	•	Could the County offer copies of the draft ordinances for sale to the public at cost? Mark Hayes suggested that copies be placed at the site of the public hearings ahead of time to be "checked-out" by the public.

277 Response: See above response concerning the availability of the draft documents. 278 It is our understanding that the Auditor's office did sell some copies at their office 279 and copies were placed at the public hearing venues prior to the meeting date. 280 281 • Could the draft ordinances be placed on the County's website? 282 283 Response: We were unable to locate any web master of a Scott County web sites. 284 Subsequent to the public meeting at the Vienna-Finley Elementary School, we 285 understand that the county is developing a website and the draft ordinances and 286 Comprehensive Plan have been posted. 287 288 • Who would be liable if someone gets hurt sneaking around on your property 289 looking behind trees, fences, etc? 290 291 Response: This appears to be a legal question that we are not qualified to 292 address. 293 294 The Commissioners passed an ordinance, which limited junk automobiles. It 295 should have been on a ballot and voted on. 296 297 Response: This comment is not related to the draft documents. 298 299 • Would we need a permit to put a 3' X 3' inflatable swimming pool in our 300 backyard? We would need a permit every year. 301 302 Response: No. 303 304 When do the Commissioners meet? 305 306 Response: The County Commissioners meet at the Courthouse on the first and 307 third Mondays of the month. Interested persons should contact the Scott County 308 Auditor's office for the time and location of the Commissioners meetings. 309 310 • What will we do about new housing developments hooking on to an adjacent 311 sanitary sewer line? 312 313 Response: The plan commission can encourage new developments to connect to 314 existing sanitary sewer lines. 315 316 • Can you summarize major changes in the ordinances? 317 318 Response: Because both of the draft ordinances are completely new documents, 319 we believe that it would not be a fair representation of the documents to provide a 320 brief summary of the changes. 321 322 • What is the problem with zoning now?

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324		Response: The existing Zoning Ordinance and Subdivision Ordinance were
325		adopted several decades ago and do not adequately address the development that
326		is expected to occur in the future.
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328	•	Are junkyards defined in the new ordinance?
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330		Dagnonga: Vag
		Response: Yes.
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332	•	Why is there a two acres minimum for subdivisions if some areas could have
333		public sewers and have smaller lots?
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335		Response: Homes served by public sewers do not have to be on two-acre lots.
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337	•	Rights of property owners need to be protected.
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339		Response: No response required.
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341	•	You shouldn't be forced to hook-on to a public sewer if a septic tank can function
342		properly on your lot.
343		property on your row
344		Response: The draft ordinances do not force connections to public sewers.
345		response. The uraji or amances no noi jorce connections to public sewers.
346		Per Article 8.4 Section C of the Draft Zoning Ordinance, shouldn't members of
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348		the Area Plan Commission be recording minutes of tonight's meeting?
		Down our of The Durft Toming On diverse have not been adopted
349		Response: The Draft Zoning Ordinance has not been adopted.
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351	•	Per Article 3 of District Regulations Special Exception, in a R-1 district, if a
352		church would be built within the district would you need a special permit?
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354		Response: Any institution of an educational, religious, medical, charitable or
355		philanthropic nature would require a Special Exemption in an R-1 District.
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357	•	What is the definition of a Special Exception?
358		•
359		Response: Special Exception is defined in the Draft Zoning Ordinance as"The
360		authorization of a use that is designated as such by this ordinance as being
361		permitted in the district concerned if it meets special conditions, is found to be
362		appropriate and upon application, is specifically authorized by BZA."
363		appropriate and upon approauton, is specifically dumorized by Bizi.
364		In reference to Comment Section Article 1. I believe that landfill and dumn
365	•	In reference to Comment Section Article 1, I believe that landfill and dump
		should be added to the definitions and added to the Industrial district as a Special
366		Exception and that feed lots should be added as a Special Exception in the
367		Agricultural district.
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369 370 371		Response: Refer to above discussion of the definitions of landfill and dump and responses concerning adding land uses to the "Special Exemption" listings. The plan commission can add any special exemptions to zoning districts, as they deem
372 373		appropriate.
374 375	•	Will the public have input after these public hearings?
376 377 378		Response: All APC, County Commissioner, and City Council meetings are open to the public.
379 380 381	•	If you've been working on this for more than a year and a half, why can't we have more time to review the documents?
382 383 384 385 386		Response: The Indiana Code requires only one public hearing. We have held three public hearings (two more than the I.C. requires). In addition, the public can attend meetings of the Plan Commission, County Commissioners, and City Council to provide additional public input.
387 388	•	Shouldn't we be able to look at the draft ordinances and be able to get copies?
389 390 391		Response: Refer to previous responses concerning the availability of copies of the draft documents.
392 393	•	Shouldn't we have a right to vote on these changes via a referendum?
394 395 396		Response: The Indiana Code does not address a referendum for adoption of Zoning and Subdivision Ordinances.
397 398	•	Are Planned Unit Developments (PUD'S) included in the draft ordinances?
399 400		Response: The draft documents do not address PUD zoning districts.
401 402 403	•	We do not want any solid waste from outside our area (County/State) brought into the County. Can we do that?
404 405 406		Response: We do not believe that a zoning or subdivision ordinance can accomplish this goal.
407 408	•	Copies of the draft ordinances were not at the Scottsburg library.
409 410 411		Response: Our office provided the library with copies of the draft ordinances prior to the first public hearing. Another copy was delivered to the library on August 29, 2002.
412 413 414	•	More copies of the draft ordinances should be available at each location.

415 416 417	Response: Refer to previous responses concerning the availability of copies of the draft documents.
418 419	Why aren't legal notices published in the Giveaway?
420 421 422 423	Response: The Giveaway is not classified as a newspaper because it is a free publication. Legal notices are published in the Scott County Journal per the requirements of the Indiana Code.
424 •	When will the ordinances go into affect?
425 426 427 428 429 430	Response: The ordinances will not take affect until the County Commissioners and Scottsburg City Council adopt them. The required process may take several weeks or months to complete, but that we hoped that the process would be complete late this year or early next year.
	How do you know your not breaking the law if you don't know the law?
433 434	Response: No response is warranted.
435 436	Can we have more public hearings?
437 438 439	Response: Refer to previous comments and responses concerning public hearings.
440 441 442	There is a conflict in the draft ordinance between the minimum lot sizes being five acres instead of two acres as is currently required.
442 443 444 445 446	Response: We suggest that the lot sizes be revised to reflect the provisions of Scott County Ordinance No. 2002-1 (see attached Ordinance), including the two-acre lot size.
447 • 448	Do you need a permit to cut down a tree?
449 450	Response: The draft ordinances do not require a permit to cut down a tree.
451 • 452 453	Where is the building inspector? We needed to have \$40,000 worth of work done on our house after the building inspector okayed it.
454 455 456	Response: Does not warrant a response.
457 458	
459 460	

Our office received the following additional comments. 1. Mr. Ed Roll, Scott County DNR Resource Specialist, suggested that his agency be included as a "utility" in the plan review process, thereby requiring developers to comply with State storm water regulations. Response: We agree with Mr. Roll's suggestion. Should the Area Plan Commission or Scott County Drainage Board be responsible for reviewing and approving storm water related issues associated with planned developments? Response: The attorney for the drainage board is currently reviewing this matter.